

# Spend Analysis and Specification Development Using Failure Interpretation

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1982...





### Why Do You Buy What You Buy?

**Price** 

Sales Representative or Distributor Relationship

**Performance** 

**Vendor Reputation** 

**Added Services** 

Flexible Billing Terms





**Technical Support** 

EASE OF PURCHASING

### Now Force Rank Why Do You Buy What You Buy. (no ties)

**Price** 

Sales Representative or Distributor Relationship

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**Added Services** 

Flexible Billing Terms



Delivery

**Technical Support** 

EASE OF PURCHASING

# Results of over 300 people polled (from Laborers to CEO's), They Ranked the Following:

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Criteria</u>
1	Performance – the product exceeds the required criteria compared to other offerings
2	Quality – the product performs consistently according to a required level of performance
3	Sales Representative or Distributor Relationship
4	Vendor Reputation
5	Technical Support
6	Price – a product is offered up at the lowest price
7	Ease of Purchasing – online catalogue available
8	Added Services – analysis, dashboards, seminars, customized solutions
9	Flexible Billing Terms
10	Delivery - Same day or next day

# Results of over 300 people polled (from laborers to CEO's)

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### **Interesting Note**

Salesmen and Purchasing
Agents Ranked PRICE as the
#1 Reason to Buy!

Hmmmmmm.....

## What is Value?

Performance (Function)

= Value

(to use)

## What Increases Value?

**Increasing Performance (Function)** Increases Value **Decreasing** Cost (to use)

## What Reduces Value?

**Decreased** Performance (Function) Decreases Value Increased Cost (to use)

### **Define Performance**

Far <u>exceeds</u> a level of expectation deemed as status quo...







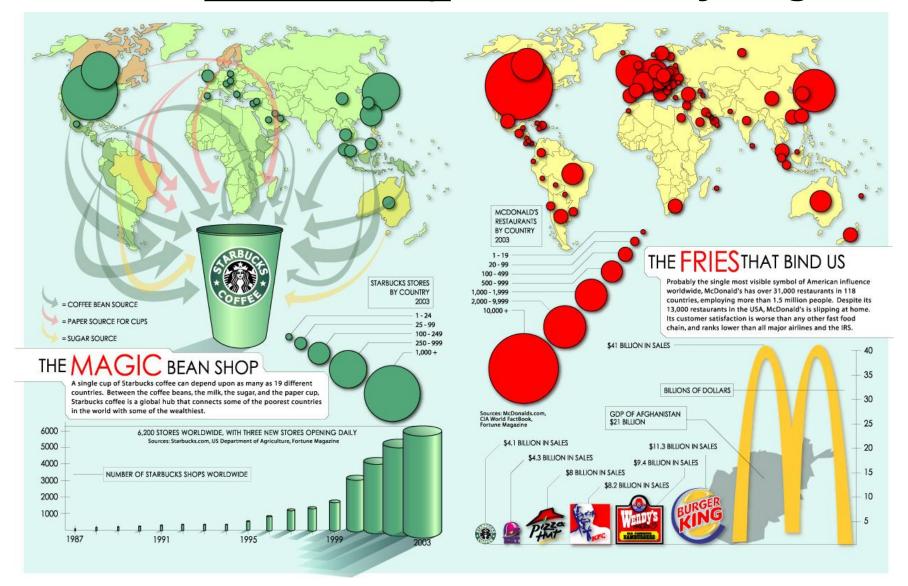
# Define Quality Product consistency according to a required level of performance...







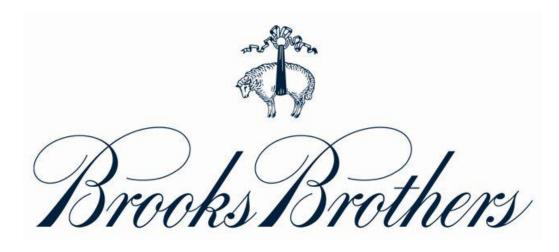
# Quality Product consistency where ever you go...



# Can You Have Both Performance & Quality?







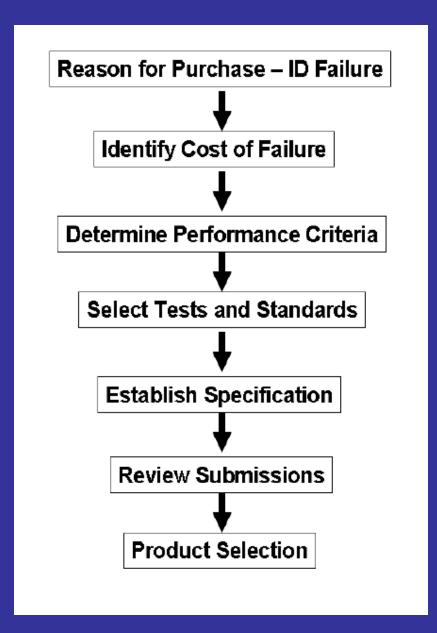
# Smart Buying, What Is It Going To Take?

Understand What Is Costing So Much!

What is the Cost of Failure?

What is the Price of Success?

#### A Proven Process to Save on Spending...



"Its an Excuse to do the Right Thing!"

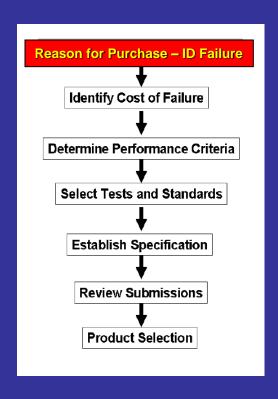
# Spend Analysis & Specification Development

Reason for Purchase

### To Replace, Replenish for

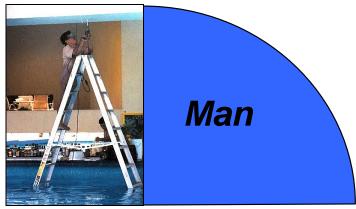
- Safety
- Save Time & Labor
- Save on Costs
- Cosmetic & Design
- Internal / External

What Did Failure Tell You???

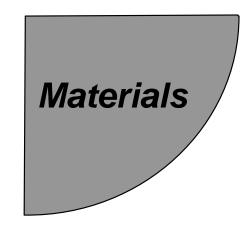


### **Reasons for Failure**









#### Change

- Deformation
- Wear
- Fracture
- Molecular Transitions



# Common Dynamics of Failure...

#### Influence

- Force
- Temperature
- Time
- Chemical



You Would Think Its
Just Materials, Actually
It Could Be All 4!

#### Cadence

- Steady
- Random
- Cyclic



#### **Articulation**

- Amplitude
- Frequency

#### Affect

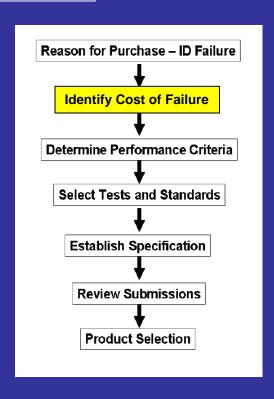
- Inside to Out
- Outside to In
- All At Once

# Spend Analysis & Specification Development

Identify Cost of Failure

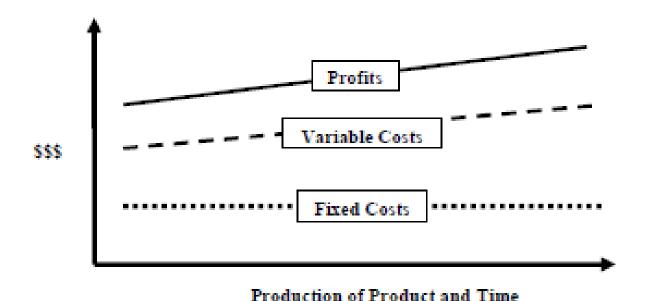
#### **Basic Costs...**

- Direct
- Indirect
- Fixed
- Variable



What Did Failure Tell You???

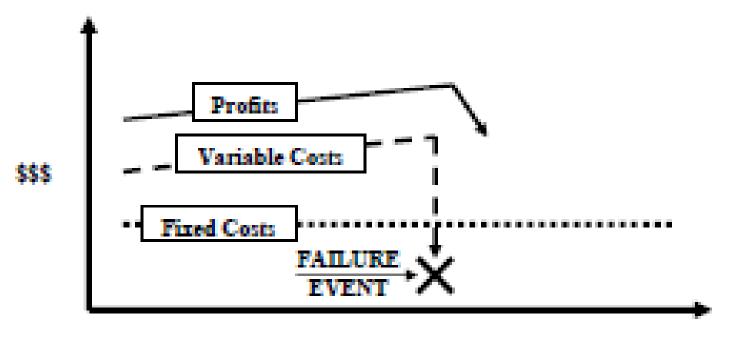
### Cost of Value - Cost of Failure



What are some examples of your fixed and variable costs?

### Cost of Value – Cost of Failure

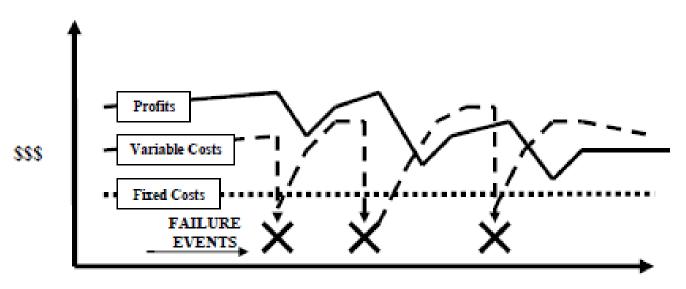
### **Failure Event Occurs**



Production of Product and Time

### Cost of Value – Cost of Failure

### Multiple Failure Events Occur Major Influence on Profits



Production of Product and Time

### **Establish What To Fix First...**

# **Examine the Data, Requires Time on the Floor**

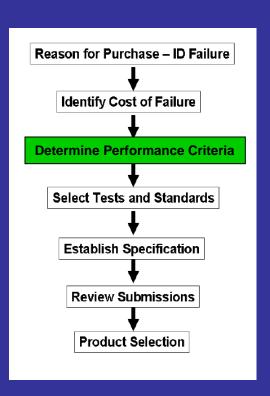
Incident and Reason	Frequency	Item/Part & Cost	Downtime Cost	Labor Costs	Additional Costs	Total Cost of Failure A*(B+C+D+E) = TCF
Bearing Failure on Rollers due to Premature Bearings Wear	96	\$220 for bearing	4 hours at \$1000/hr = \$4000 for each failure	4 labor hrs at \$78/hr = \$312 for each Failure	Mis-Shipment fines of \$7,045 Annually	96 * (\$220 + \$4,000 + \$312) + \$7,045 = <u>\$442,117</u>
Hydraulic Pump Failure from Contamination – Poor Filters Used	4	\$3700 for Pump \$25 for Filter	8 hours at \$1,000/hr = \$8,000 for each failure	16 labor hours (2 man) at \$78/hr = \$1,248 for each failure	50gl of hydraulic oil = \$900 (\$18/gal) for each Failure	4 * (\$3,725 + \$8,000 + \$1,248 + \$900) = \$55,492
Sensor Mis-reads due to Wire Fry	129	\$7 for wire	1 hour at \$1,000/hr	½ hr at \$128/hr (electrician rate – billed for 1 hour)	\$1,000,000 electrocution lawsuit settlement	129 * (\$7 + \$1,000 + \$128) + \$1,000,000 = <u>\$1,146,415</u>
Blower Fan Motor Burn-out	52	\$387 for motor	2 hour at \$1000/hr = \$2,000	2 hrs at \$128/hr (electrician rate) = \$256	\$89,937 in Product Spoilage	52 * (\$387 + \$2,000 + \$256) + \$89,937 = <u>\$227,373</u>

# Spend Analysis & Specification Development

### Determine Performance Criteria

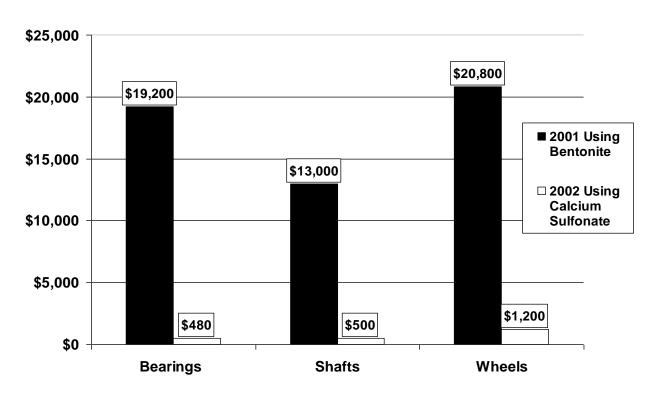
- List Requirements
- Rank Requirement
- List Properties
- Correlate Properties

What did Failure Tell You???



### Example – Buying to Save, But Spending More? Needed A Grease to Hold Up To Heat & Load

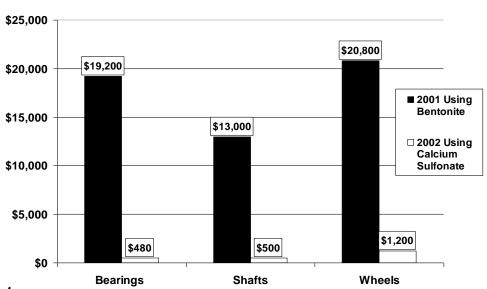
#### **Parts Costs**



2001	2002
\$19,200.00_	\$480.00
\$13,000.00_	\$500.00
\$20,800.00_	_\$1,200.00
59	34
	\$19,200.00_ \$13,000.00_ \$20,800.00_

#### Real World Example – Buying to Save





**Grease Cost** 

2001 = \$21,240 (7,080lb used at \$3.00/lb)

2002 = \$29,416 (4,080lb used at \$7.21/lb)

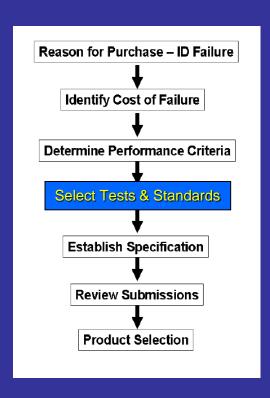
Savings in Grease = -\$8,176 No Savings On Grease! Savings in Parts = \$42,644 (Parts Alone \$50,820 from \$53,000 in 2001 to \$2,180 in 2002)

Downtime & Labor...

Select Tests & Standards

### From Failure Modes, Use...

- ASTM
- ASME
- Case Studies
- In-House Work



Property	Test Method	Description	Test Result Values
Shear Stability	ASTM D 217	Multistroke penetration	The lower the % change in the number, the more mechanically stable the grease
	ASTM D 1831	Roll stability	The lower the % change in the number, the more mechanically stable the grease
	ASTM D 1263	Wheel bearing leakage	Measures % loss in a wheel bearing application. The lower the number the better, above 5% will cause brake problems.
Oxidation Resistance	ASTM D 942	Bomb oxidation	Measures the oxidative life of the grease. The lower the % the better the oxidation resistance.
	ASTM D 3527	Wheel bearing life	The higher the hours, the longer the grease will last in high-temperature applications.
	ASTM D 3336	High-temperature performance	The higher the temperature, the better the grease will perform at high temperatures
Water Resistance	ASTM D 1264	Water washout	The lower the %, the less likely it will wash out
	ASTM D 4049	Water spray-off	The lower the %, the less likely it will wash out
Bleed Resistance	FTM 321.3	Oil separation (static)	Measures the % oil that may separate during storage and idle time.
	ASTM D 1742	Pressure Oil separation	Measures % oil that will separate when grease is under load.
Extreme Pressure / Antiwear	ASTM D 2596	Four-ball	Point contact, similar to ball bearings; the higher the number the greater load carrying.
	ASTM D 2509	Timken method	Line contact, similar to roller bearings; the higher the number the greater load carrying.
	ASTM D 2266	Four-ball (wear scar)	The lower the number, the more protection
Corrosion	ASTM D 1743	Rust test	Determines how well the grease keeps water and corrosives away from the metal surface. Static test.
	_	Emcor	Determines how well the grease keeps water and corrosives away from the metal surface. Dynamic test
	ASTM D 130	Copper corrosion	1A is the best rating, most are 1B, measures ability to protect yellow metals.
Pumpability	ASTM D 4693	Low-temperature torque	Measures the effort required to move the grease in a bearing at low temperatures. The lower the number the better.
	US Steel LT37	Mobility	Measures the grease flow at a given temperature at 150 psig. The higher the number the better; critical is 2 grams per minute.
Identification & Quality Control	ASTM D 2265	Dropping point	Measure the temperature the soap melts, used to help determine the upper usable temperature range.

### From Performance Criteria

Failure Mode	Selected ASTM Standard	Synthetic Bentonite	Calcium Sulfonate
Lack of extreme load handling of grease	4-ball Weld ASTM D 2596	380	1000
Lack of oxidation resistance of the grease	Bomb Oxidation ASTM D 942	12	<1

#### 4-Ball Weld / Wear



**Test Balls in Fixture** 



**Forth Ball in Chuck** 

#### **Bomb Oxidation**



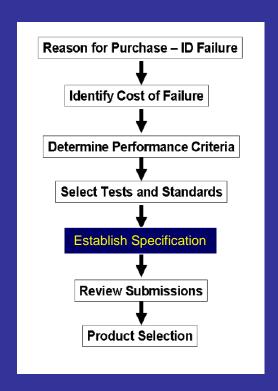
**Samples Rack** 



Chamber or "bomb"

**Establish Specification** 

- Product Performance
- Terms and Conditions
- Contractual Obligations
- Requirements of Reply
- Evaluation Process
- Selection Process



# Elements of the Procurement Specification

#### Introduction

- The Scope of the Requirement
- The Definition of the Product
- Functional and Data Standards Sited

#### **Product Requirements**

- Look and Feel Requirements
- Usability Requirements
- Performance Requirements
- Operational and Environmental Requirements
- Maintainability and Support Requirements
- Security Requirements
- Legal Requirements

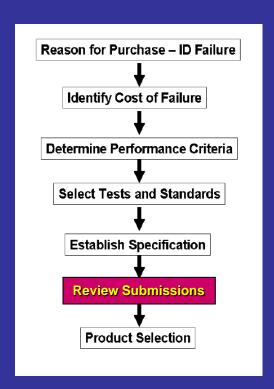
#### **Procurement Requirements**

- Packaging Requirements
- Shipping Costs and Requirements
- Product Costs
- Documentation and Training Requirements
- Re-ordering Requirements

Review Submissions

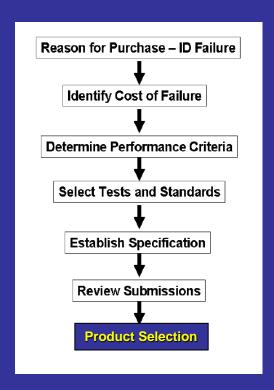
### **List and Rank**

- Performance
- Responses
- Set-Up Case Study



**Product Selection** 

- Submission Review
- Review Approval
- Notify Successful and Unsuccessful Candidates
- Audits



### Changing One Item Saved...

Cascade Steel - \$125,000

Pilgrims Pride - \$147,500

American Protein - \$89,000

Westerville City School - \$16,529

Lancaster ISD - \$9.756

Hanson Brick - \$65,873

INCO - \$8,000,000

CC&V Gold - \$838,500

Lafarge - \$9,245

Dixie Pellet - \$120,650

RFC - \$24,341

Rubbermaid - \$68,282

3Form, Steel - \$210,420

Guardian Glass - \$76,205

John Morell Pork - \$39,837

Nestle - \$87,376

Ohio Transport - \$28,764

Fort Bend County - \$97,750

Manfort Brothers - \$251,487

Divide Oil – \$171,937

City of El Dorado - \$28,980

Buckeye - \$38,597

East Texas Medical - \$78,730

Frac Tech - \$30,040,000

AllStar Fleet - \$49,780

Lexington Transit - \$454,760

Lindy Paving - \$12,875

Bonneville Transloader - \$148,420

Schultz Brothers Trucking - \$184,450

A&A Trucking - \$282,340

### Last Question...

Would it be OK for the amusement park maintenance department to buy the cheapest bolts?



# Repeating the Same Practices Ensures The Same Results...

### **Questions?**

## Thank You